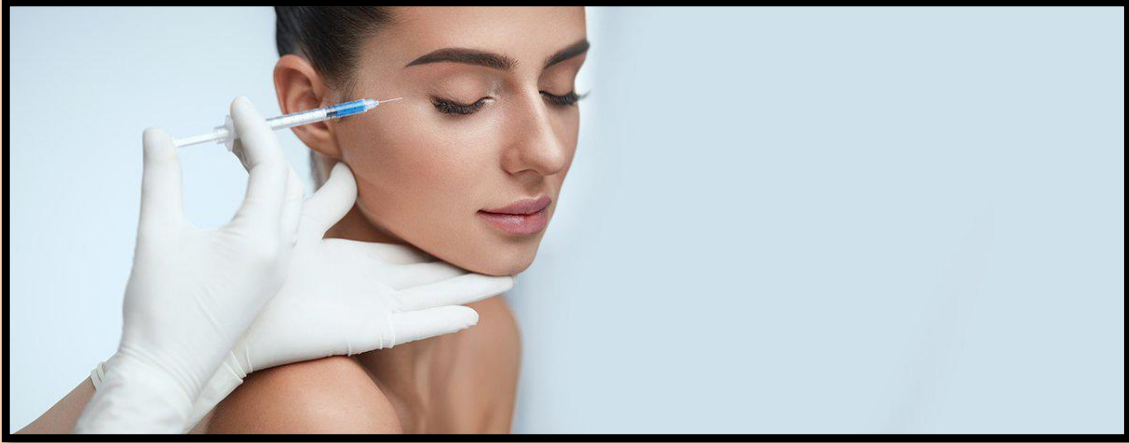


What should you know about Micro needling?

For people familiar with the treatment, Micro needling has become one of the most popular skin renewal treatments to combat wrinkles, hyper pigmentation and other signs of aging.



But what is a microgame?

Procedure of micro needle processing involves the use of little needles to create accurate micro perforations in the areas of contact between the dermis and epidermis. The result is a controlled wound that stimulates the production of collagen and elastin, as well as the renewal and restoration of the skin. It is also often used to prepare the skin for local ingredients, as micro perforation allows skin care ingredients to penetrate the skin more effectively.

What is Micro needling?

Micro needling smoothes fine lines and wrinkles, repairs sun damage, lifts and tightens the skin, improves the appearance of scars and reduces pore size. Therefore, this is the desired aesthetic procedure to solve. Micro needling can also be performed on the body to solve problems such as stretch marks and scars.

Before the micro needle procedure, the skin is cleaned with alcohol and collagen-stimulating topical preparations are applied. Anesthetic may also be used, depending on the patient's comfort level. After the micro needle process is complete, any number of moisturizers and / or healing agents, as well as masks, can be used to help restore the skin.

Some products used before treatment include hyaluronic acids, vitamin E, antioxidants, and peptides that moisturize, strengthen, and repair the skin. For some patients, the use of alpha / beta hydroxyl acids and retinols a few weeks before treatment helps prepare the skin for treatment.

After the micro-flashing procedure, clients may experience mild redness and swelling, although downtime is usually minimal says clinic performing [Micro needling in Boston](#). Micro needling can be carried out every 4-6 weeks until the desired effect is achieved.



Customer consultation is an important aspect of this procedure. Persons with active acne, skin cancer, or other serious health problems are not candidates for micro games.

In 2015, the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) tested several micro needle devices to determine if they comply with government regulations. The FDA has found that micro needle devices with needles longer than 0.3 mm should be classified as a Class 1 medical device. As a result, the FDA has taken action to terminate and terminate against several companies selling micro needle devices longer than 0.3 mm for aesthetic purposes until further notice.

In short, in accordance with the recommendations of the FDA, cosmetologists can only use devices for micro needles less than 0.3 mm and only those that do not have medical requirements. If the device is smaller than 0.3 mm, but has medical requirements, it also cannot be approved for sale or use. You can search for [Micro needling Boston](#).

If you are legally permitted to carry out micro-training in accordance with your aesthetics license or if your license requires you to undergo a micro processing program, you can find many training programs and courses in aesthetics schools, as well as through manufacturers and distributors. Micro needling is not included in any of the initial aesthetic education programs leading to state licensing.