

Personal information

Vocabulary



Lesson 1: Getting to know each other

1) To greet

Hi ! (pour des amis)	Salut!
Hello !	Salut!
Good morning! (le matin)	Bonjour!
Good afternoon!	Bonne après-midi!
Good evening!	Bonne soirée!
Good night!	Bonne nuit!

2) To become acquainted

What's your name?	Quel est ton nom?
How are you?	Comment vas-tu?
How do you do?	
How are you doing?	
Fine/ very good! And you?	Bien/ très bien! Et toi?
Nice to meet you!	Enchanté de te connaître!

3) To take one's leave

Bye!	Au revoir!
Goodbye!	Salut!
See you later!	À plus tard!
See you soon!	À bientôt!
Have a nice day!	Passe une bonne journée!
Have a nice weekend!	Passe un bon weekend!
Have a nice week!	Passe une bonne semaine!

4) Questions-Answers

Who are you? Qui es-tu?	I am ... Je suis ...
What's your name? Quel est ton nom?	My name is ... Mon nom est ...
How are you? Comment vas-tu?	I am fine and you? Je vais bien et toi ?
How are you doing? / How do you do? Comment vas-tu?	I am really fine Je vais très bien
Who is it? Qui est-ce?	He is... / She is ... Il est ... / Elle est ...
Where are you from? D'où viens-tu?	I am from Belgium/ Philippeville Je suis originaire de Belgique/ Philippeville
What's your nationality? Quelle est ta nationalité?	I am Belgian Je suis belge
Who is that? Qui est-ce? (avec un éloignement)	That is ... C'est ...
Where do you live? Où habites-tu?	I live in ... J'habite à ...
What's your address? Quelle est ton adresse?	My address is ... Mon adresse est ...
What about you? Et toi?	I live in Belgium too J'habite en Belgique aussi
How old are you? Quel âge as-tu?	I am ... years old J'ai ... ans
What's your phone number? Quel est ton numéro de telephone?	My phone number is .../ It's ... Mon numéro de téléphone est .../ c'est ...
What's your email address? Quelle est ton adresse mail?	My email address is ... Mon adresse mail est ...
Have you got any brothers or sisters? As-tu des frères et sœurs?	I have got ... J'ai ...
Are you married/single/divorced? Es-tu marié/célibataire/divorcé?	I am ... Je suis ...
Excuse me, are you...? Excusez-moi, êtes-vous...?	Yes, I am ... / No, I am not Oui, je suis ... / Non, je ne suis pas ...

Countries and nationalities

1) Countries-nationalities-languages

1.	Arabia	Arabian	Arabic

2.	Argentina	Argentinian	Spanish

3.	Australia	Australian	English

4.	Austria	Austrian	German

5.	Belgium	Belgian	French, Dutch, German

6.	Brazil	Brazilian	Portuguese

7.	China	Chinese	Chinese

8.	Turkey	Turkish	Turkish

9.	Canada	Canadian	English, French

10.	Denmark	Danish	Danish

11.	England	English	English

12.	Spain	Spanish	Spanish

13.	France	French	French

14.	Germany	German	German

15.	Great Britain	British	English

16.	Greece	Greek	Greek

17.	The Netherlands (Holland)	Dutch	Dutch

18.	Sweden	Swedish	Swedish

19.	Ireland	Irish	Gaelic, English

20.	Italy	Italian	Italian

21.	Japan	Japanese	Japanese

22.	The United States	American	English

23.	Norway	Norwegian	Norwegian

24.	Portugal	Portuguese	Portuguese

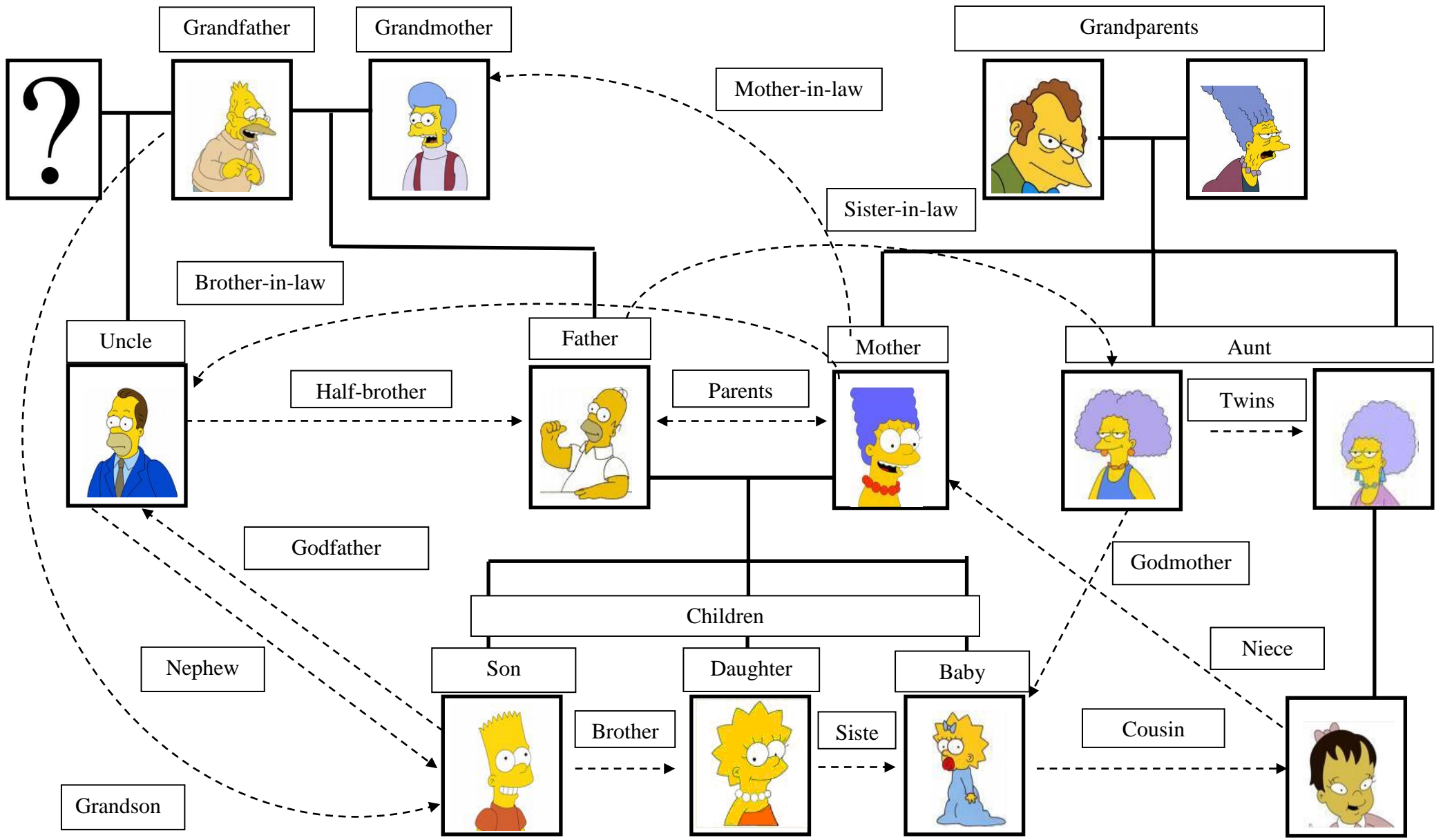
25.	Russia	Russian	Russian

26.	Scotland	Scottish	English

2) Useful words

Country	Pays
Town	Ville
City	Ville (+ grande)
Village	Village
Capital city	Capitale
A flag	Un drapeau
Inhabitant	Habitant
To live in	Habiter à

Family



Grandmother	Grand-mère
Grandfather	Grand-père
Grandparents	Grands-parents
Mother (mom)	Mère
Father (dad)	Père
Parents	Parents
Aunt	Tante
Uncle	Oncle
A child → 2 Children	Un enfant → 2 enfants
Grandchildren	Petits-enfants
Daughter	Fille
Son	Fils
Granddaughter	Petite-fille
Grandson	Petit-fils
Baby	Bébé
Sister	Sœur
Brother	Frère
Godmother	Marraine
Godfather	Parrain
Niece	Nièce
Nephew	Neveu
Half-brother	Demi-frère
Half-sister	Demi-sœur
Mother-in-law	Belle-mère (mère de mon mari)
Stepmother	Belle-mère (mère suite à un remariage)
Father-in-law	Beau-père (père de mon mari)
Stepfather	Beau-père (père suite à un remariage)
Twins	Jumeaux
Cousin(s)	Cousin/cousine
Married	Marié
Engaged	Fiancé
Single	Célibataire
Divorced	Divorcé
Husband	Mari
Wife	Femme
Widow	Veuve
Widower	Veuf

Sports and hobbies

1) Sports

⇒ To play:	Jouer/faire
○ Football	Au foot
○ Baseball	Au baseball
○ Basketball	Au basket
○ Badminton	Au badminton
○ Tennis	Au tennis
○ Golf	Au golf
○ Volleyball	Au volley
○ Rugby	Au rugby
○ Table tennis	Au tennis de table
⇒ To + verbe:	
○ To swim (swimming)	Nager (natation)
○ To ride a horse (horse-riding)	Faire du cheval (equitation)
○ To ride a bike/to cyle (cycling)	Faire du vélo (du cyclisme)
○ To dance (dancing)	Danser (de la dance)
○ To box (boxing)	Boxer (de la boxe)
○ To ski (skiing)	Skier (du ski)
○ To ice skate (ice skating)	Faire du patin à glace (du patin à glace)
○ To run (running, jogging)	Courir (de la course)
○ To fish (fishing)	Pêcher
○ To climb (climbing)	Escalader (l'escalade)
○ To fence (fencing)	Faire de l'escrime (escrime)
○ To scuba dive (scuba diving)	Faire de la plongée sous-marine

2) Hobbies

To play/chat on the computer	Jouer/chatter sur l'ordinateur
To watch TV/a movie	Regarder la télévision/un film
To listen to music	Écouter de la musique
To cook	Cuisiner
To draw/ to paint	Dessiner/ peindre
To read a book/a comic	Lire un livre/une BD
To sing	Chanter
To play a music instrument	Jouer d'un instrument de musique
To collect stamps	Collectionner les timbres
To take photographs	Prendre des photos

3) Useful words

To be interested in	S'intéresser à
Do you need...?	As-tu besoin de ... ?
Indoor><outdoor	À l'intérieur/à l'extérieur
A team	Une équipe
Food	De la nourriture
Water	De l'eau
A garden	Un jardin
A racket	Une raquette
A ball	Une balle
A bike	Un vélo
(boxing) Gloves	Des gants (de boxe)
A basket	Un panier
⇒ At + place	À/au
At the tennis/ football/ basketball club	Au club de tennis/.football/basketball...
At the swimming pool	À la piscine
At the skating rink	À la patinoire
At the football field	Au terrain de football

Chapter 1. Day after day

Vocabulary



Lesson 1: Daily routines

1) A typical day



To wake up

Tim wakes up at 7.00

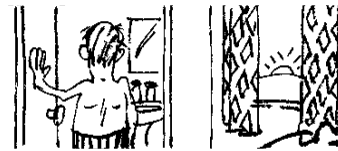
Se réveiller



To get up

Tim gets up at 7.05

Se lever



To get dressed/to dress

Tim gets dressed at 7.20

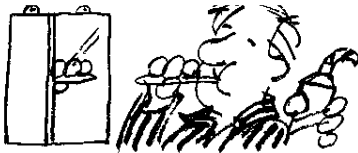
S'habiller



To take a shower

Tim takes a shower at 7.10

Prendre une douche



To brush one's teeth

Tim brushes his teeth at 7.15am

Se brosser les dents



To have breakfast

Tim has breakfast at 7.30am

Déjeuner



To leave

Tim leaves for work at 8am

Partir (au travail)



To have lunch

Tim has lunch at 12.00

Déjeuner (à midi)



To come back home

Tim comes home back at 4pm

Rentrer à la maison



To open one's post

Tim opens his post at 4.15pm

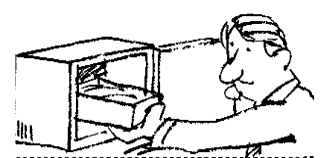
Ouvrir son courrier



To watch TV

Tim watches TV at 4.30pm

Regarder la télévision



To make dinner

Tim makes dinner at 6.30pm

Préparer le dîner



To go to bed

Tim goes to bed at 9pm

Aller au lit



To read a book

Tim reads a book at 9.15pm

Lire unlivre



To switch off the light

Tim switches off the light at 9.55pm

Éteindre la lumière



To fall asleep

Tim falls asleep at 10pm

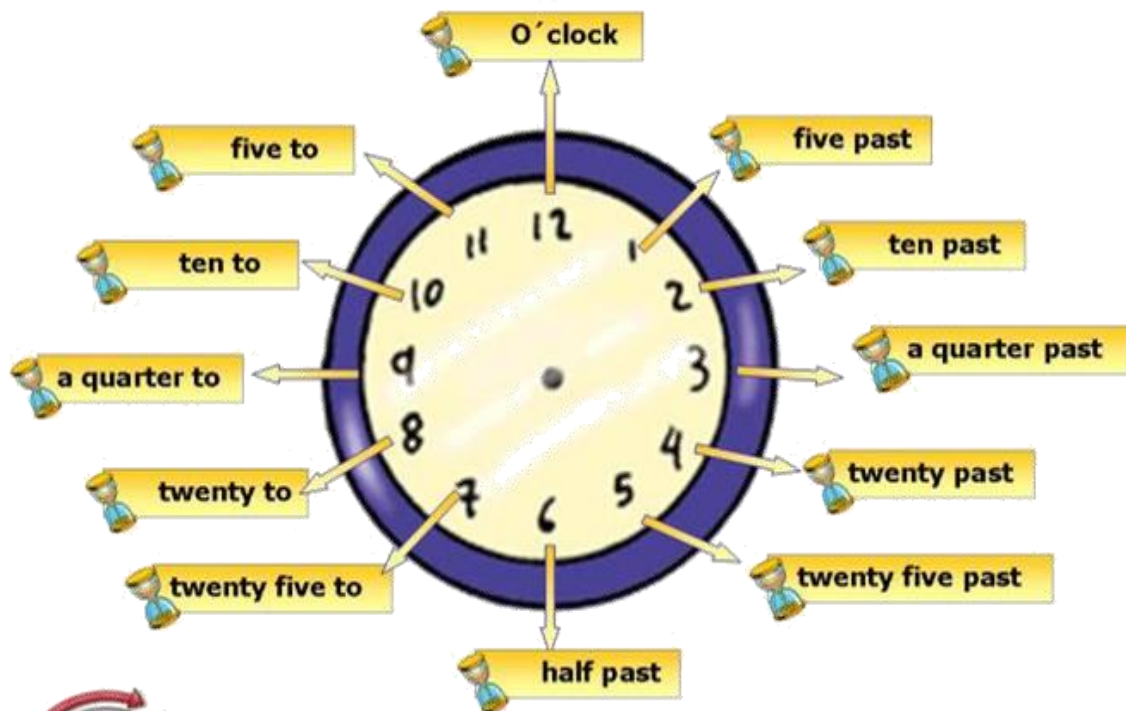
S'endormir


2) Useful words

To take/ to have a bath	Prendre un bain
To make up	Se maquiller
To do one's hair	Se coiffer
To take the bus	Prendre le bus
By car / bus	En voiture/ en bus
On foot	À pied
To go to school/ to leave for school	Aller à l'école/ partir pour l'école
I have classes every day	J'ai cours tous les jours
To attend a class	Suivre un cours
To go to one's class	Aller en cours
To be in class	Être en cours
To do sport	Faire du sport
To go to the toilet	Aller aux toilettes
To make one's bed	Faire son lit
To make one's homework	Faire ses devoirs
To study one's lessons	Étudier ses leçons
To get undressed/ to undress	Se déshabiller

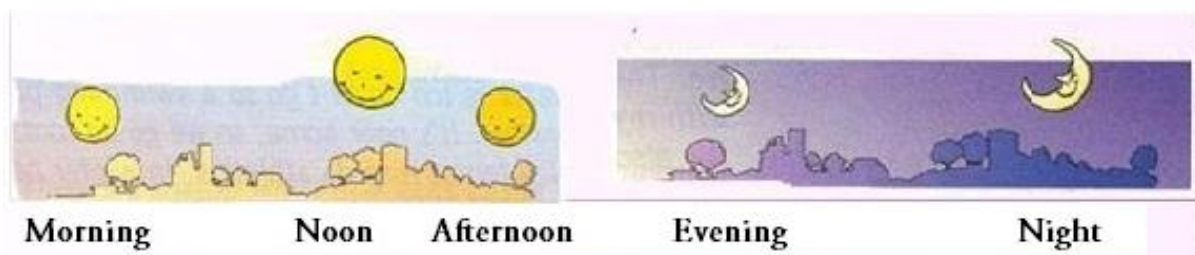
Lesson 2: Time

1) What time is it?



 hour			
 minute	 <i>Ante Meridiem</i> Latin for "before noon"	 midday	 night
 second			
 <i>Post meridiem</i> Latin for "after noon"	 midnight	 day	

2) Parts of the day

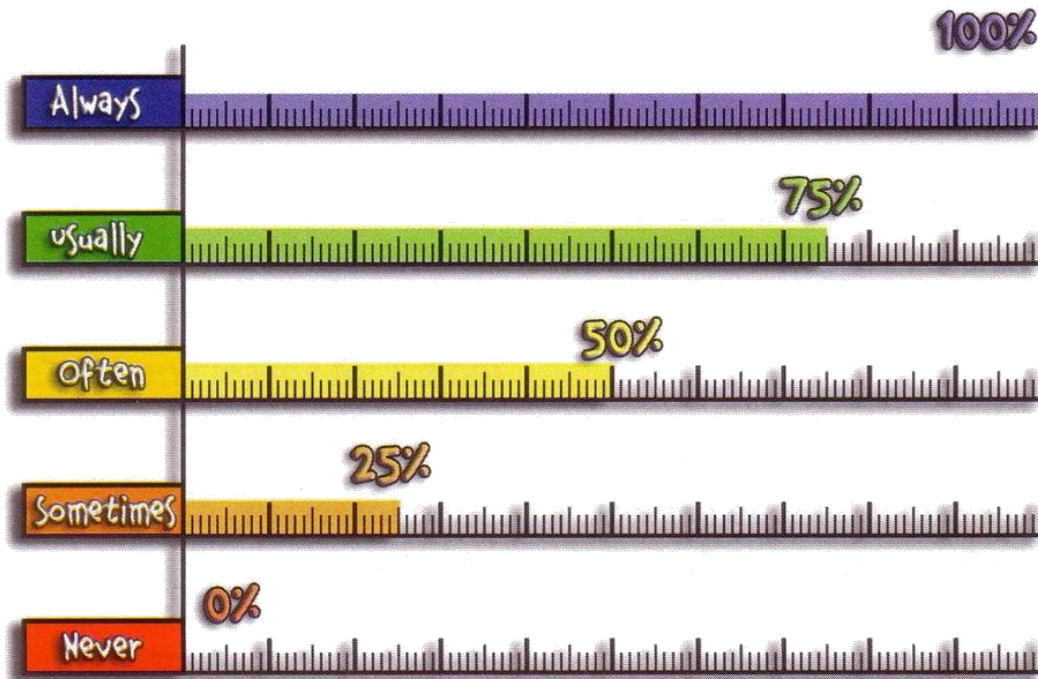


ON | Dates
Days of the week

AT | Night
The weekends
...o'clock

IN | Years
Months
Parts of the day

4) Adverbs of frequency



5) Useful words

To start	Commencer
To end/ to finish	Terminer
To do my homework	Faire mes devoirs
At home	À la maison
Once a week, a month, ...	Une fois par semaine, mois, ...
Every day, week, ...	Tous les jours, toutes les semaines,...

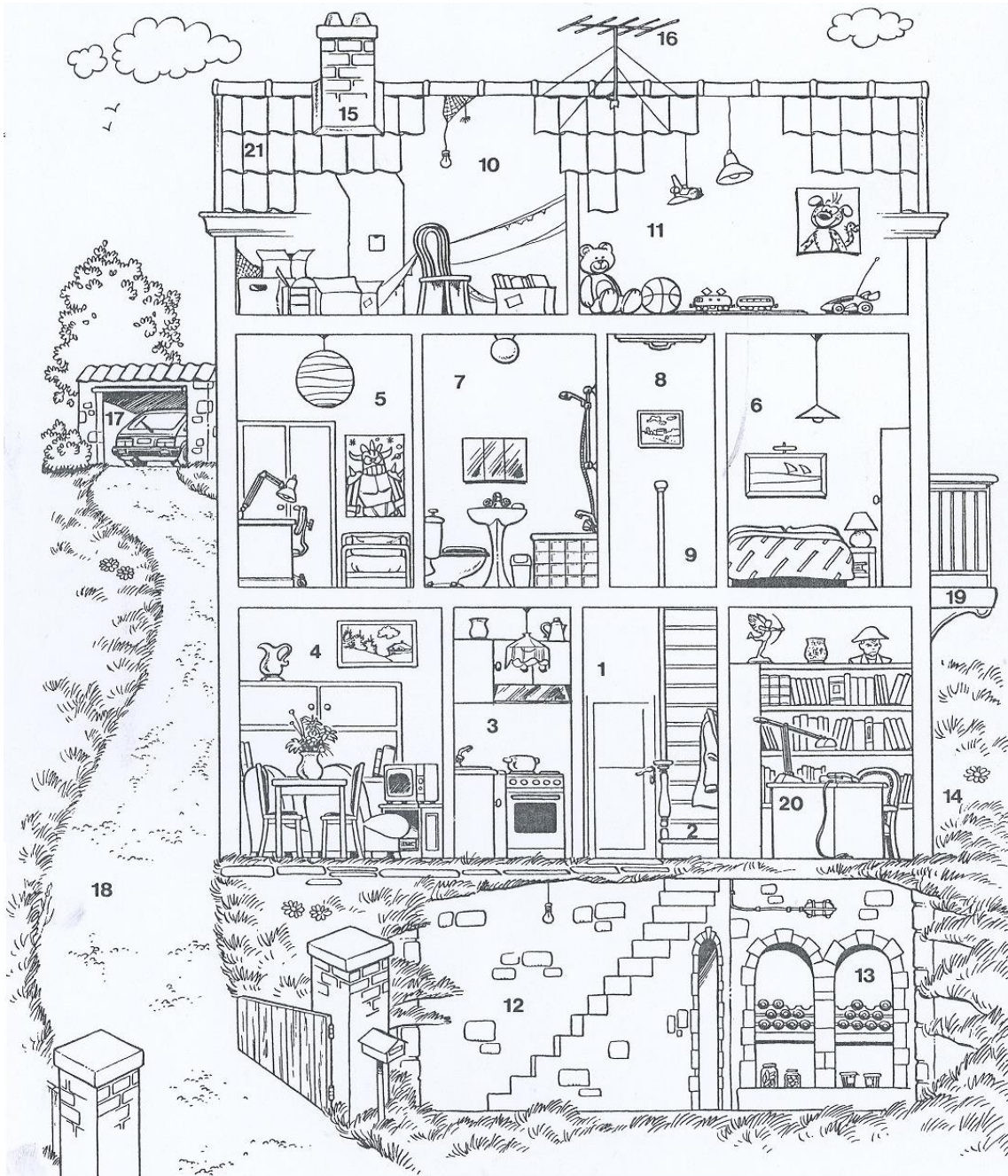
Chapter 2. Around town

Vocabulary



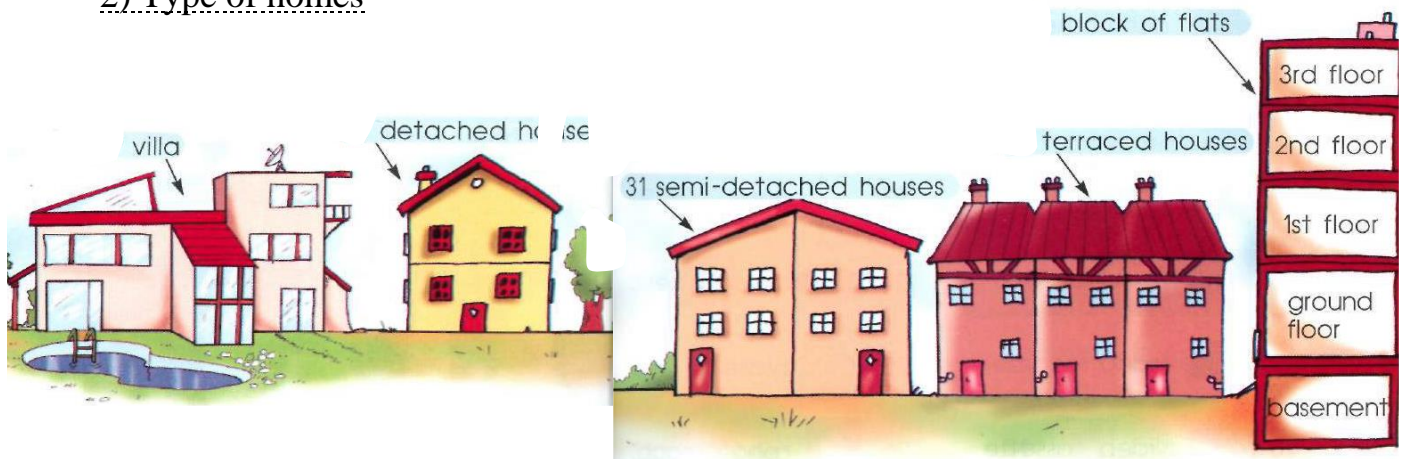
Lesson 1: Welcome to my house

1) The house



- | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. The lobby | 10. The attic | 18. The path |
| 2. The stairs | 11. The playroom | 19. The balcony |
| 3. The kitchen | 12. The cellar | 20. The office/The study |
| 4. The living-room | 13. The winecellar | 21. The roof |
| 5+6 The bedroom | 14. The garden | 22. The grass |
| 7. The bathroom | 15. The chimney | |
| 8. The hall | 16. The aerial | |
| 9. The landing | 17. The garage | |

2) Type of homes



In the bed room:

a bed: Lit

a lamp: Lampe

abedside table: Table de nuit

awardrobe: Garde-robe

In the living room:

a TV set: TV

an armchair: Fauteuil

a window: Fenêtre

a carpet: Tapis

In the bathroom:

a shower: Douche

a sink: Evier

a mirror: Miroir

abathtub : Baignoire

atoilet : Toilette

In the kitchen:

a cooker: Cuisinière

a fridge: Frigo

an oven: Four

pans : Casseroles

awashing machine: Machine à laver

In the study:

a computer: Ordinateur

a printer: Imprimante

a chair: Chaise

a table: Table

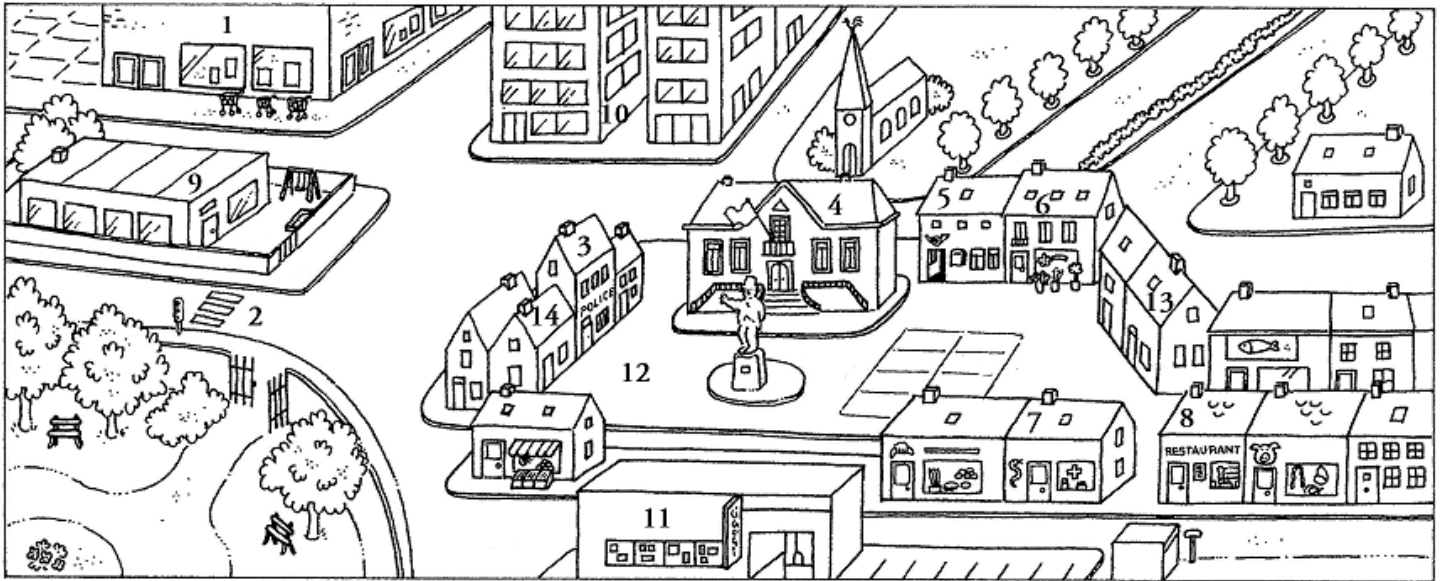
a desk: Bureau

4) Useful words

The ground floor	Le rez-de-chaussée
The basement	Le sous-sol
At home	À la maison
To go/ come in	Entrer
To go/ come out	Sortir
The dining-room	La salle à manger
The terrace	La terrasse
The veranda	La véranda
The garden shed	L'abri de jardin

Lesson 2: is there ...?

1) Town centre

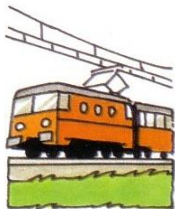


1. The supermarket	Le supermarché	8. The restaurant	Le restaurant
2. The zebra crossing	Le passage pour piétons	9. The school	L'école
3. The police station	Le poste de police	10. The hotel	L'hôtel
4. The Town hall	La commune	11. The cinema	Le cinéma
5. The post office	La poste	12. The square	La place
6. The florist's	Le magasin de fleurs	13. The café	Le café
7. The chemist's	La pharmacie	14. The bookshop	La librairie



The church

L'église



The train

Le train



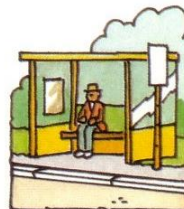
The petrol station

La station-essence



The river

La rivière



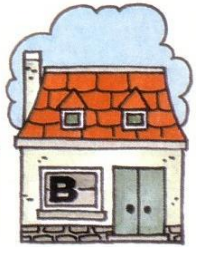
The bus stop

L'arrêt de bus



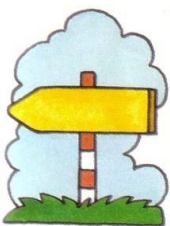
The station

La gare



The bank

La banque



The road sign

Le panneau indicateur



The traffic lights

Le feu tricolore



The baker's

La boulangerie



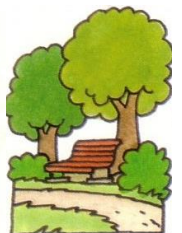
The phone box

La cabine téléphonique



The bridge

Le pont



The park

Le parc



The hospital
L'hôpital



The fountain
La fontaine



The grocer's
L'épicerie



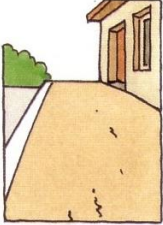
The statue
La statue



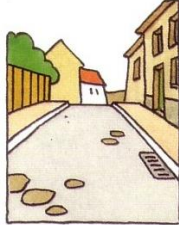
The butcher's
La boucherie



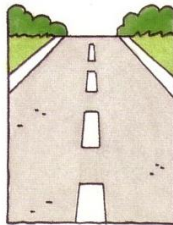
The museum
Le musée



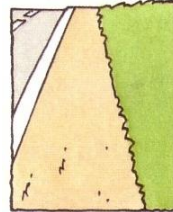
The pavement
Le trottoir



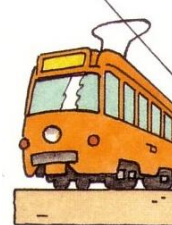
The street
La rue



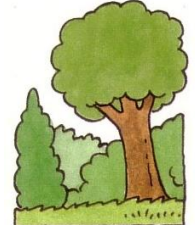
The road
La route



The cycle path
La piste cyclable



The tram
Le tram

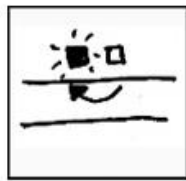


The wood
Le bois

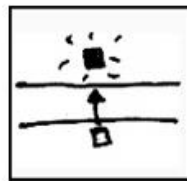
2) Prepositions



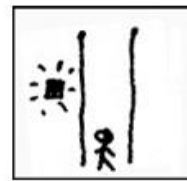
between...and...



next to...



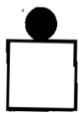
opposite ...



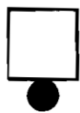
Left side



Right side



on



under



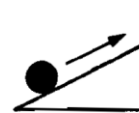
in



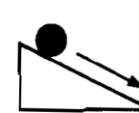
into



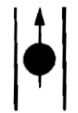
out of



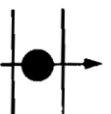
up



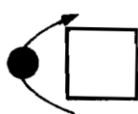
down



along



across



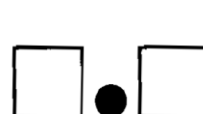
round



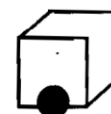
inside



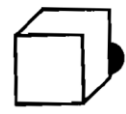
outside



between



in front of



behind

3) Useful words

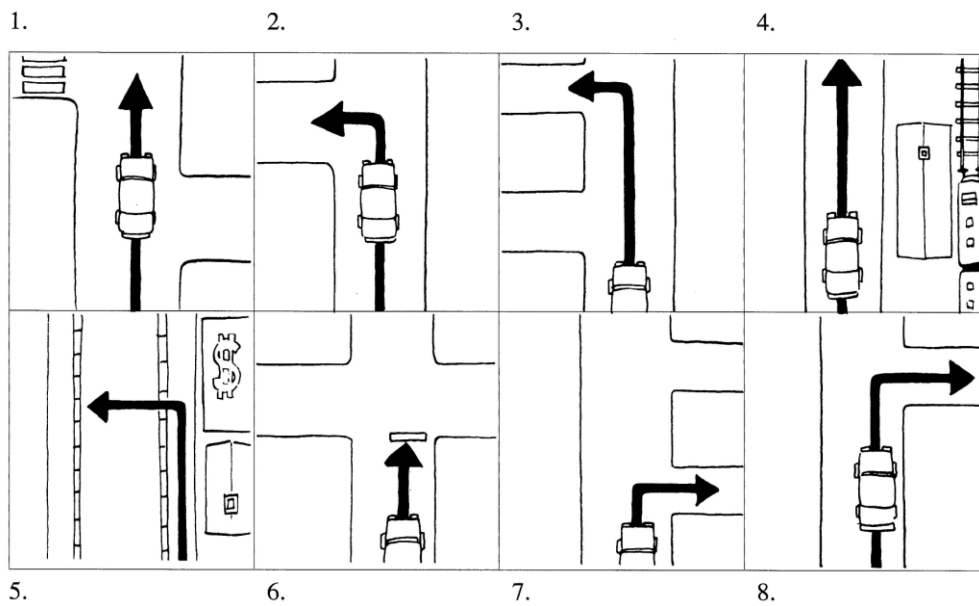
Near << far from	Proche << loin de
On the corner of	Au coin de
The fire station	La caserne des pompiers
The shoe shop	Le magasin de chaussures
The clothes shop	Le magasin de vêtements
The sandwich shop	La sandwicherie
The shopping centre	Le centre commercial
The hairdresser's	Le salon de coiffure

Lesson 3: Can you show me the way, please?

1) Asking for directions

How do I get to ...? Comment puis-je me rendre ...?	Where is ...? Où est ...?	Is there a ... around here? Il y a-t-il un/une ... dans les environs?
How do I find the ...? Comment puis-je trouver ...?	Do you have a ...? Avez-vous un/une ...?	

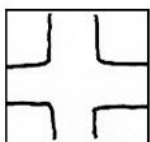
2) Giving directions



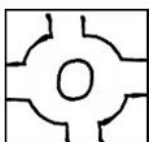
1. Go along the street Go straight away Go straight on	Va tout droit	5. Cross the street	Traverse la rue
2. Turn left	Tourne à gauche	6. Go to the crossroads	Va jusqu'au carrefour
3. Take the 2 nd street left	Prends la 2 ^{me} rue à gauche	7. Take the 1 st street right	Prends la 1 ^{re} à droite
4. Go past the station	Passes la gare	8. Turn right	Tourne à droite

4) Useful words

At the traffic lights	Au feu rouge
Go over the bridge	Passes sur le pont
On the corner	Au coin
Go past the station	Passes la gare



Intersection



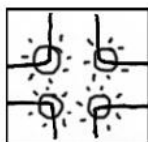
Roundabout



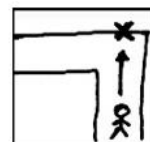
Y-junction



T-junction



Corner



at the end of ...

Chapter 3. What are you doing?

Vocabulary



Lesson 1: What are you doing?

1) Sports and activities

Shopping	Faire les magasins
To read	Lire
To relax, to rest	Se relaxer, se reposer
To make a nap	Faire une sieste
To go sightseeing	Faire du tourisme
To visit	Visiter
To take a walk	Se promener
To trek	Faire de la randonnée
To play tennis, football,.../ to play sports	Jouer au tennis,.../ faire du sport
to dive / to scuba-dive	Plonger / faire de la plongée sous-marine
To eat	Manger
To drink	Boire
To swim	Nager
To go out	Sortir
A party (parties)	Une fête (fêtes)
A night club	Une discothèque
To sleep	Dormir
To sunbath	Bronzer
To be tanned	Être bronzée
To fish	Pêcher
To spend time with friends	Passer du temps avec des amis
To take photographs	Prendre des photos
To tour round a country	Visiter un pays
To write a postcard	Écrire une carte postale

2) Adjectives

Exciting	Excitant
Catastrophic	Catastrophique
Comfortable	Confortable
Uncomfortable	Inconfortable
Lovely	Très joli
Horrible	Horrible
Beautiful	Beau

Awful	Affreux
Interesting	Intéressant
Boring	Ennuyeux
Wonderful	Merveilleux
Terrible	Terrible
Excellent	Excellent
Bad	Mauvais
Friendly	Amical
Impolite	Impoli
Cosy	Douillet
Pleasant, nice	Agréable
Delicious	Délicieux
Disgusting	Dégoutant
Scary	Effrayant
Luxurious	Luxeux
Calm	Calme
Peaceful	Paisible

3) Useful words

To buy souvenirs	Acheter des souvenirs
To stay for a month, a week, a weekend	Rester un mois, une semaine, un week-end
To travel by plane, train, car, boat	Voyager en avion, train, voiture, bateau
To hitch-hike	Faire de l'auto-stop
The beach	La plage
The sea	la mer
The mountain	la montagne
The country side	la campagne
The hotel	l'hôtel
The youth hostel	L'auberge de jeunesse
To go camping	Faire du camping
To go hiking	Faire une randonnée
The guided tour	la visite guidée

Lesson 2: What is the weather like?

1) Weather



The sun

Le soleil

It's sunny

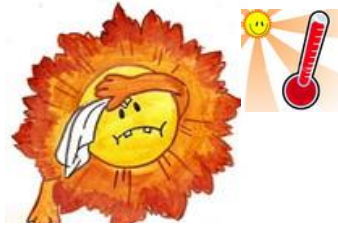
Il fait ensoleillé

The sun is shining

Le soleil est en train de briller

The sun shines

Le soleil brille



It's hot

Il fait très chaud

It's dry

Il fait sec

It's warm

Il fait chaud



The cloud

Le nuage

It's cloudy

Il fait nuageux

It's overcast

Il fait couvert



The rain

La pluie

It's rainy

Il fait pluvieux

It's wet

Il fait humide

It's raining

Il est en train de pleuvoir

It rains

Il pleut



The wind

Le vent

It's windy

Fait fait nuageux

The wind is blowing

Le vent est en train de souffler

The wind blows

Le vent souffle



The snow

La neige

It's snowy

Il fait neigeux

It's snowing

Il est en train de neiger

It snows

Il neige



It's cold

Il fait froid

It's frosty/icy

Il fait glacial

It's freezing

Il fait gelant



The storm

L'orage

It's stormy

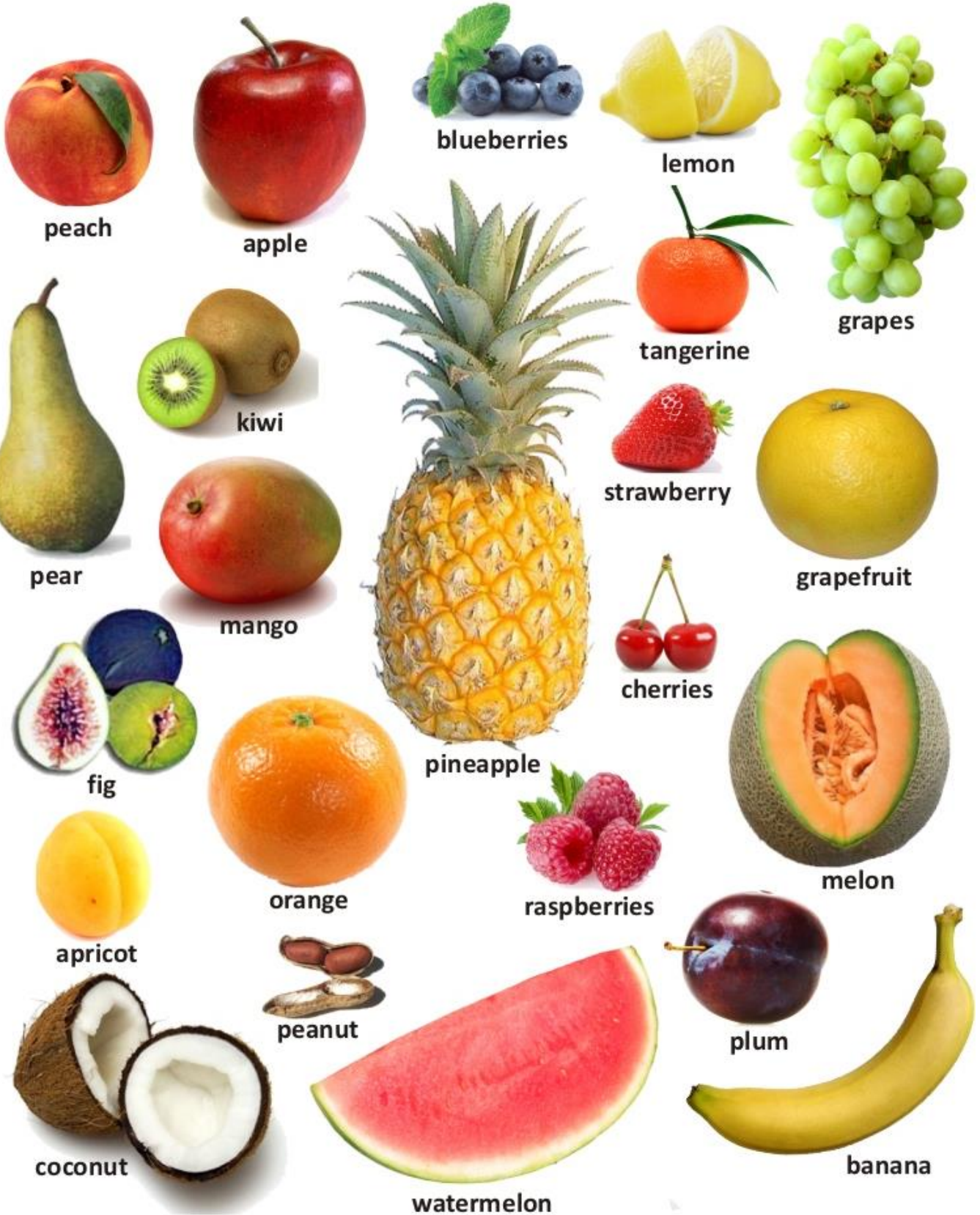
Il fait orageux

2) Useful phrases

The weather is nice/ fine / good	Le temps est agréable/ Il fait beau
The weather is bad	Il fait mauvais
To be freezing	Cailler
The fog	Le brouillard
It's foggy	Il fait brumeux
It's lovely outside	Il fait superbe dehors

Lesson 3: Enjoy your meal

1) Fruit



2) Vegetables



red cabbage



celery



carrots



artichoke



asparagus



spinach



cauliflower



eggplant



lettuce



onion



garlic



radishes



corn



pepper



beans



potato



broccoli



green beans



mushrooms



pumpkin



tomato



peas

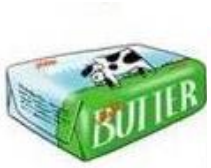


cucumber



red pepper

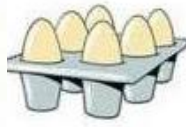
3) Food



butter



french fries



eggs



milk



salad



chicken



soup



yoghurt



fish



meat



flour



rice



butter



wine



water



sugar



Salt Pepper



Olive oil



beefsteak



ham



beer



cheeseburger



pizza



crisps



cake



lasagna



ravioli

spaghetti and
meatballs

juice



lemonade



ice cream



tea



chocolate



gums



hot dog



muffin



cereals



bacon



croissant



pancakes

*sausage*

toast



fried egg



chocolate milk



jam



honey



coffee



coke



donut



orange juice



fruit



cookies



cheese



bread

4) At the restaurant



baked



bar



bill



booth



breaded



menu



napkins



cash



cash register



change



check



concession



serve



straw



credit card



kids menu



large



medium



small



non smoking



refill



table



tip



wine list



waiter



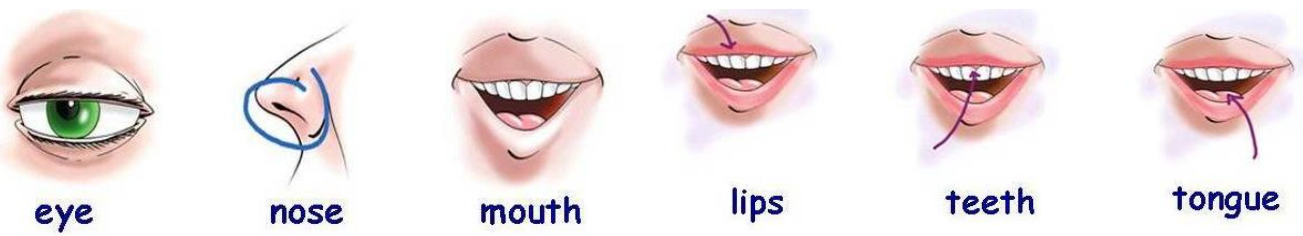
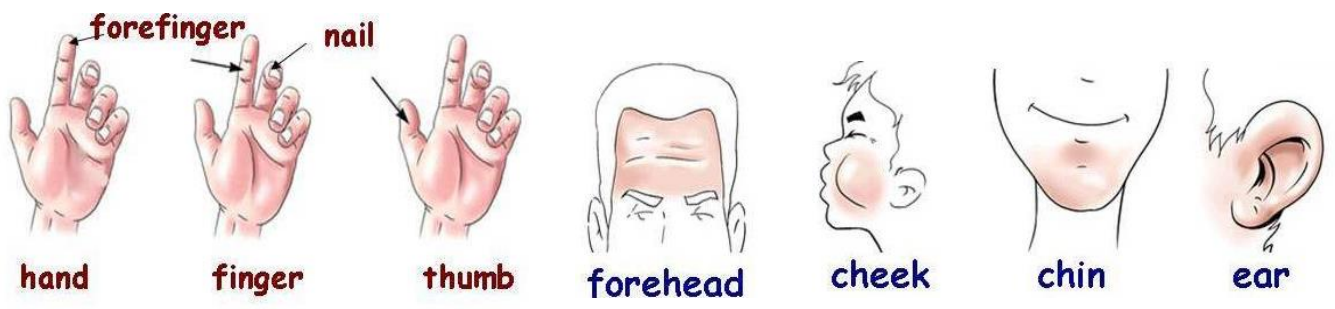
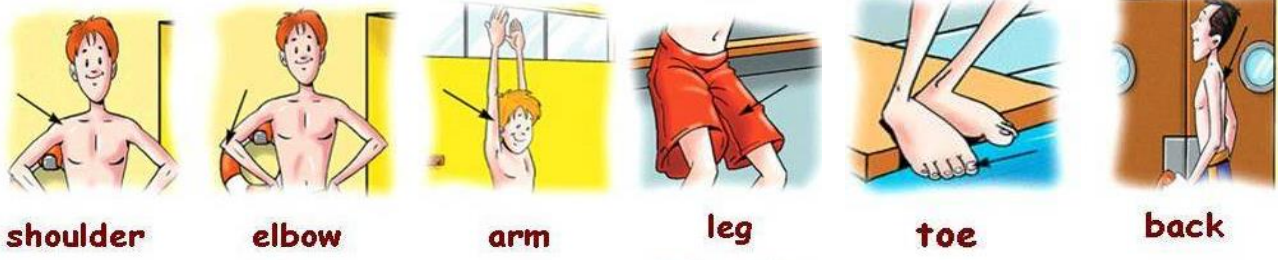
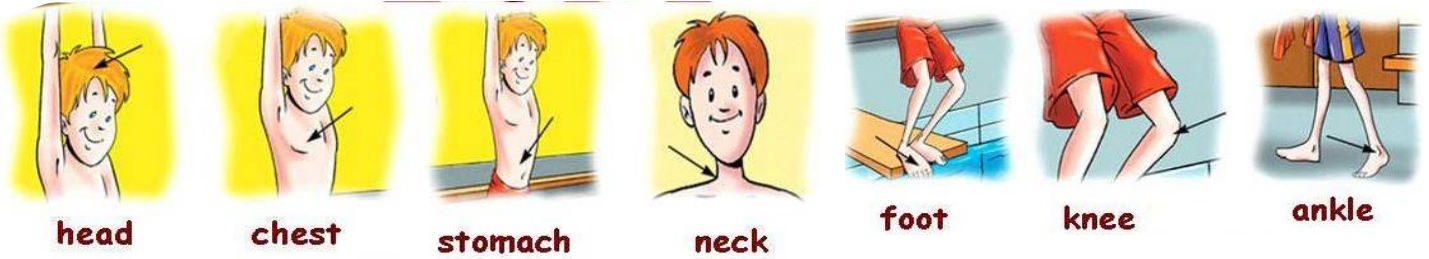
chef

Chapter 4. What's the matter? Vocabulary



Lesson 1: Health problems

1) Body parts:



Lesson 2: Getting better

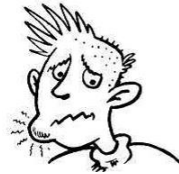
1) Illnesses:



Sore throat

I have a sore throat

Avoir mal à la gorge



Toothache

I have a toothache

Avoir mal aux dents



A swollen ankle

I have a swollen ankle

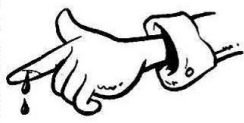
Avoir une cheville
enflée



Backache

I have backache

Avoir mal au dos



To cut one's finger

I have cut my finger

Se couper le doigt



A cold

I have a cold

Être enrhumé



To burn

I have burnt my hand

Se brûler



A headache

I have a headache

Avoir mal à la tête



A pain in my chest

I've got a pain in my chest

Avoir une douleur à la
poitrine



To sprain one's wrist

I have sprained my wrist

Se faire une entorse



(the) Flu

I have (the) flu

Avoir la grippe



A stomachache

I have a stomachache

Avoir mal au ventre



An earache

I have an earache

Avoir mal à l'oreille



A cough

I have got a cough

Tousser



To break one's arm

I have broken my arm

Se casser le bras



To lost one's voice

I have lost my voice

Perde sa voix



A rash

I have got a rash

Avoir une éruption



A temperature

I have a temperature

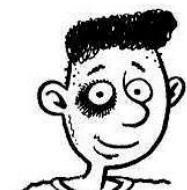
Avoir de la fièvre



To feel sick

I feel sick

Avoir envie de vomir



A black eye

I have got a black eye

Avoir un œil au beurre noir

I have got a nosebleed	Je saigne du nez
I have a runny nose	J'ai le nez qui coule
I have a blocked nose	Mon nez est bouché
To have diarrhoea	Avoir la diarrhée
To have a sore eye	Avoir mal aux yeux
To have a sunburn	Avoir un coup de soleil
To sneeze	Éternuer
It's painful	C'est douloureux
It hurts	Ça fait mal

2) Remedies:



To have surgery
Se faire opérer



To rest
Se reposer



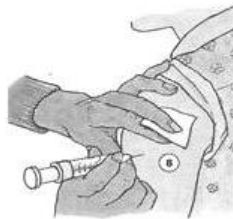
The ointment/cream
Le pommade



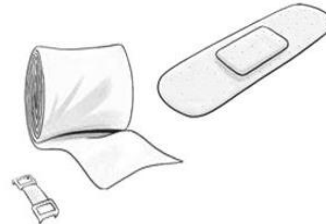
The ice pack
Le sac de glace



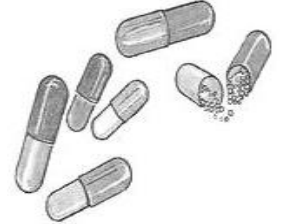
To stay in bed
Rester au lit



The injection
La piqûre



The bandage
Le bandage/ le pansement



De pills
Les pilules



The eye drops
Des gouttes pour les yeux



The aspirin
L'aspirine



The prescription
L'ordonnance



To drink hot tea
Boire un thé chaud



To take a hot bath
Prendre un bain chaud



The syrup
Le sirop contre la toux



The thermometer
Le thermomètre



A scar
Une cicatrice

3) How often?

Once a day	Une fois par jour
Every four hours	Toutes les 4 heures
Twice a week	Deux fois par semaine
After each meal	Après chaque repas
Before the meal	Avant le repas
Once – twice – three times – four times	1 fois – 2 fois – 3 fois – 4 fois – etc.

4) Useful words

What's the matter?	Quel est le problème ?
What's wrong?	Qu'est-ce qu'il ne va pas ?
What's the problem?	Quel est le problème ?
How long does it hurt?	Depuis quand est-ce que ça fait mal ?
Where does it hurt?	Où est-ce que ça fait mal ?
How do you feel ?	Comment te sens-tu ?
Have + noun = I have a headache	« Have » est suivi d'un nom
Feel + adjective = I feel dizzy	« Feel » est suivi d'un adjectif
To have to → you have to rest	Devoir (obligation) → tu dois te reposer