

PRÉSENT SIMPLE

Une seule règle au présent simple : PS3

"s" à la fin du verbe à la 3ème personne du singulier (he - she -it)

<u>work</u>	<u>study</u>	<u>have</u>
I work	I study	I have
you work	you study	you have
he / she / it <u>works</u>	he / she / it <u>studies</u>	he / she / it <u>has</u>
we work	we study	we have
you work	you study	you have
they work	they study	they have

Même à la forme négative !

<u>work</u>	<u>study</u>	<u>have</u>
I <u>don't</u> work	I <u>don't</u> study	I <u>don't</u> have
you <u>don't</u> work	you <u>don't</u> study	you <u>don't</u> have
he/she/it <u>doesn't</u> work	he/she/it <u>doesn't</u> study	he/she/it <u>doesn't</u> have
we <u>don't</u> work	we <u>don't</u> study	we <u>don't</u> have
you <u>don't</u> work	you <u>don't</u> study	you <u>don't</u> have
they <u>don't</u> work	they <u>don't</u> study	they <u>don't</u> have

ATTENTION BE + ÊTRE

BE (forme affirmative)

I <u>am</u>	(je suis)
you <u>are</u>	(tu es)
he/she/it <u>is</u>	(il / elle est)
we <u>are</u>	(nous sommes)
you <u>are</u>	(vous êtes)
they <u>are</u>	(ils / elles sont)

BE (forme négative)

I <u>am not</u> = I'm <u>not</u>	(je ne suis pas)
you <u>are not</u> = you <u>aren't</u>	(tu n'es pas)
he/she/it <u>is not</u> = he/she/it <u>isn't</u>	
we <u>are not</u> = we <u>aren't</u>	(nous ne sommes pas)
you <u>are not</u> = you <u>aren't</u>	(vous n'êtes pas)
they <u>are not</u> = they <u>aren't</u>	(ils/elles ne sont pas)