

La comparaison

Les adjectifs suivants sont-ils longs ou courts ? Classe-les dans un tableau en 2 colonnes, et écris à côté, pour chacun d'eux, le comparatif de supériorité (voir tableau proposé ci-dessous).

TALL, FAR, FAST, LONG , NICE, HAPPY, FAMOUS, IMPORTANT, INTELLIGENT, GOOD, BORING, INTERESTING, EASY, LATE, FUNNY, BAD, EARLY, BRIGHT, CLEVER, BIG, HARD, FAT, SMART, CRAZY, JEALOUS, GENEROUS, AMAZING.

<i>Adjectifs courts</i>	<i>Comparatif de supériorité</i>	<i>Adjectifs longs</i>	<i>Comparatif de supériorité</i>
EX: SMALL	SMALLER (THAN...)	TALKATIVE	MORE TALKATIVE (THAN...)
TALL	TALLER (THAN...)	FAMOUS	MORE FAMOUS (THAN)
FAR	FARTHER/FURTHER (THAN)	IMPORTANT	MORE IMPORTANT (THAN)
FAST	FASTER (THAN)	INTELLIGENT	MORE INTELLIGENT (THAN)
LONG	LONGER (THAN)	BORING	MORE BORING (THAN)
NICE	NICER (THAN)	INTERESTING	MORE INTERESTING (THAN)
HAPPY	HAPPIER (THAN)	JEALOUS	MORE JEALOUS (THAN)
GOOD	BETTER (THAN)	GENEROUS	MORE GENEROUS (THAN)
EASY	EASIER (THAN)	AMAZING	MORE AMAZING (THAN)
LATE	LATER (THAN)		
FUNNY	FUNNIER (THAN)		
BAD	WORSE (THAN)		
EARLY	EARLIER (THAN)		
BRIGHT	BRIGHTER (THAN)		
CLEVER*	CLEVERER (THAN)		
BIG	BIGGER (THAN)		
HARD	HARDER (THAN)		
FAT	FATTER (THAN)		
SMART	SMARTER (THAN)		
CRAZY	CRAZIER (THAN)		

* Les adjectifs de deux syllabes qui se termine par -Y , ou -OW, ou -ER, ou -LE (pretty, narrow, clever, gentle...) sont considérés comme des adjectifs COURTS.

2. Complète les phrases avec l'adjectif entre parenthèses, au comparatif de supériorité (pour dire "plus...que...").

- It is **more difficult** (difficult) than you think ! I can't do it !
- Carl Lewis runs **faster** (fast) than Queen Elizabeth II.
- Bob is **older** (old) than his sister : he is 14 and she is 12.
- A pair of jeans is **more expensive** (expensive) than a T-shirt.
(= a T-shirt is **cheaper** (cheap) than a pair of jeans).
- I'm **better** (good) at English than you !
- You must work **harder** (hard) if you want to succeed your exam.

3. Traduis

-David est plus grand et plus gros que Jenifer, mais Jenifer est plus mince que lui !

David is taller and bigger than Jenifer but Jenifer is thinner than him.

-Rio est plus grand que ses frères, mais il est moins intelligent.

Rio is taller than his brothers but he is less intelligent.

-Je déteste la chimie : c'est moins intéressant que la biologie.

I hate chemistry : it is less interesting than biology.

-Je suis meilleur en Maths qu'en Anglais.

I am better at Maths than at English.

-Cette robe noire est plus belle que ce pantalon gris !

This black dress is prettier than those grey trousers.

4. Compare ces chiens entre eux !



Fox terrier



greyhound



King Charles spaniel



labrador



West highland white Terrier



bulldog



doberman



pitt bull



Yorkshire terrier



Dalmatian

Adjectives : affectionate, aggressive / gentle, strong, cute, obedient, popular / unpopular, tall / small.

Possible sentences:

The Greyhound is taller than the West Highland white terrier.

The Doberman is more popular than the Fox terrier.

The Labrador is more affectionate than the Pitt bull.

The Doberman is more obedient than the Fox terrier.

The Yorkshire terrier is cuter than the Greyhound.

The West Highland white terrier seems gentler than the Bulldog.

The Pitt bull is more aggressive than the Dalmatian.

The Greyhound is stronger than the King Charles spaniel.

Mettre l'adjectif au comparatif de supériorité

- 1.The film is **more interesting than** the book.(interesting)
- 2.Alan's drawing is **nicer than** hers.(nice)
- 3.He is **richer than** me.(rich)
- 4.Paul's garden is **more fertile than** mine.(fertile)
- 5.Margaret is **prettier than** her sister. (pretty)

C) POUR TERMINER ...

A bottle full of an excellent whisky costs 110 pounds. The liquid inside the bottle costs £100 **MORE THAN** the empty bottle. What is the price of the empty bottle?

The empty bottle costs 10 pounds.