

Grammar Practice



→ Pour exprimer une action en train de se dérouler ou que l'on a prévue

Be + V-ing

On utilise **be** au présent suivi du verbe terminé en **-ing**.

*Are you busy? Yes, I **am organising** a party.*

*My friends **are coming** to my party on Saturday.*

• Si le verbe se termine par un **e**, celui-ci disparaît.
come → *coming*

• Si le verbe a une seule syllabe ou se termine par une syllabe accentuée, on double la consonne finale.
run → *running*
begin → *beginning*

Attention : *listen* → *listening*

Affirmation	Interrogation	Négation
I am working	Am I working ?	I am not working
You are working	Are you working ?	You aren't working
He / She / It is working	Is he / she / it working ?	He / She / It isn't working
We are working	Are we working ?	We aren't working
You are working	Are you working ?	You aren't working
They are working	Are they working ?	They aren't working



Conjuge les verbes dans chacune des phrases au présent **be+ing** (formes affirmatives, négatives et interrogatives).

1. They _____ (study) at the moment.
2. She _____ (watch) TV.
3. What _____ (you/read) at the moment?
4. I _____ (cook) dinner tonight. Would you like to come?
5. It _____ (not/work). I think it's broken.
6. He _____ (learn) German for his job.
7. Paul and Mike _____ (play) football.
8. Why _____ (Sarah/cry)?

Amelia is busy this week. What is she doing ?

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su

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