

Name : \_\_\_\_\_

Score : \_\_\_\_\_

Teacher : \_\_\_\_\_

Date : \_\_\_\_\_

## Inverse Trigonometry Rules

Find each indefinite integral using inverse trigonometric functions.

1)  $\int \left( \frac{7}{40\sqrt{1 - (\frac{7}{4}x)^2}} \right) dx$

2)  $\int \left( \frac{-2}{63(1 + (\frac{2}{9}x)^2)} \right) dx$

3)  $\int \left( \frac{-3}{2(1 + (\frac{5}{4}x)^2)} \right) dx$

4)  $\int \left( \frac{-2}{15\sqrt{1 - (\frac{1}{5}x)^2}} \right) dx$

5)  $\int \left( \frac{5}{8\sqrt{1 - (\frac{7}{8}x)^2}} \right) dx$

6)  $\int \left( \frac{30}{49(1 + (\frac{10}{7}x)^2)} \right) dx$

7)  $\int \left( \frac{21}{\sqrt{1 - (6x)^2}} \right) dx$

8)  $\int \left( \frac{-7}{2\sqrt{1 - (\frac{5}{2}x)^2}} \right) dx$

9)  $\int \left( \frac{-7}{2\sqrt{1 - (7x)^2}} \right) dx$

10)  $\int \left( \frac{9}{8(1 + (\frac{3}{4}x)^2)} \right) dx$



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## Inverse Trigonometry Rules

Find each indefinite integral using inverse trigonometric functions.

1)  $\int \left( \frac{7}{40\sqrt{1 - (\frac{7}{4}x)^2}} \right) dx$

$$\frac{1}{10} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{7}{4}x\right) + C$$

2)  $\int \left( \frac{-2}{63(1 + (\frac{2}{9}x)^2)} \right) dx$

$$\frac{1}{7} \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{9}x\right) + C$$

3)  $\int \left( \frac{-3}{2(1 + (\frac{5}{4}x)^2)} \right) dx$

$$\frac{6}{5} \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{4}x\right) + C$$

4)  $\int \left( \frac{-2}{15\sqrt{1 - (\frac{1}{5}x)^2}} \right) dx$

$$\frac{2}{3} \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{5}x\right) + C$$

5)  $\int \left( \frac{5}{8\sqrt{1 - (\frac{7}{8}x)^2}} \right) dx$

$$\frac{5}{7} \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{7}{8}x\right) + C$$

6)  $\int \left( \frac{30}{49(1 + (\frac{10}{7}x)^2)} \right) dx$

$$\frac{3}{7} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{10}{7}x\right) + C$$

7)  $\int \left( \frac{21}{\sqrt{1 - (6x)^2}} \right) dx$

$$\frac{7}{2} \sin^{-1}(6x) + C$$

8)  $\int \left( \frac{-7}{2\sqrt{1 - (\frac{5}{2}x)^2}} \right) dx$

$$\frac{7}{5} \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{2}x\right) + C$$

9)  $\int \left( \frac{-7}{2\sqrt{1 - (7x)^2}} \right) dx$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cos^{-1}(7x) + C$$

10)  $\int \left( \frac{9}{8(1 + (\frac{3}{4}x)^2)} \right) dx$

$$\frac{3}{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}x\right) + C$$

