

Name : _____

Score : _____

Teacher : _____

Date : _____

Solving Radical Equations

Solve the Radical Equations. Multiple Solutions may exist.

1) $\sqrt{2b} = 4$

6) $\sqrt{k-6} = 2$

2) $\sqrt{4c+6} = \sqrt{2c+10}$

7) $\sqrt{8-2n} = n$

3) $\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{6}} = \sqrt{6d-1}$

8) $\frac{\sqrt{p}}{\sqrt{15}} = 3$

4) $\sqrt{g} = 4$

9) $\sqrt{q} = 3$

5) $6\sqrt{3h} = 84$

10) $3\sqrt{5r} = 42$



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Solving Radical Equations

Solve the Radical Equations. Multiple Solutions may exist.

1) $\sqrt{2b} = 4$

$b = 8$

6) $\sqrt{k - 6} = 2$

$k = 10$

2) $\sqrt{4c + 6} = \sqrt{2c + 10}$

$c = 2$

7) $\sqrt{8 - 2n} = n$

$n = \{2, -4\}$

3) $\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{6}} = \sqrt{6d - 1}$

$d = \frac{6}{35}$

8) $\frac{\sqrt{p}}{\sqrt{15}} = 3$

$p = 135$

4) $\sqrt{g} = 4$

$g = 16$

9) $\sqrt{q} = 3$

$q = 9$

5) $6\sqrt{3h} = 84$

$h = \frac{196}{3}$

10) $3\sqrt{5r} = 42$

$r = \frac{196}{5}$

